

Mine to Market

AnyLogic Modeling for a Logistics Network

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Project Context

Background, key factors, and client constraints.



Client

- Multi-national mining company.
- Planning a multi-billion dollar mine.

Negotiating

- Confirming strategic options with market players.
- In talks with service providers to establish commercial terms.

Confidentiality

- Client requested anonymity and sanitized KPI values, despite approving today's presentation.

Why AnyLogic

Building on experience, aligning with the future.



Building on years of modeling experience with this client, we adopted AnyLogic to address the logistics focus of this phase and prepare for future needs.

Trusted.

Built on a well-established Arena model.

Shared understanding of the system behavior and its key drivers.

Focused.

Modeled the outbound chain with significant operational detail.

Enabled faster iteration for scenario testing under new market conditions.

Used animation to build trust in outcomes and gain faster buy-in from new stakeholders.

Integrated.

Matched client's technology stack.

Built team expertise in tool deployed on large-scale, high-value systems.

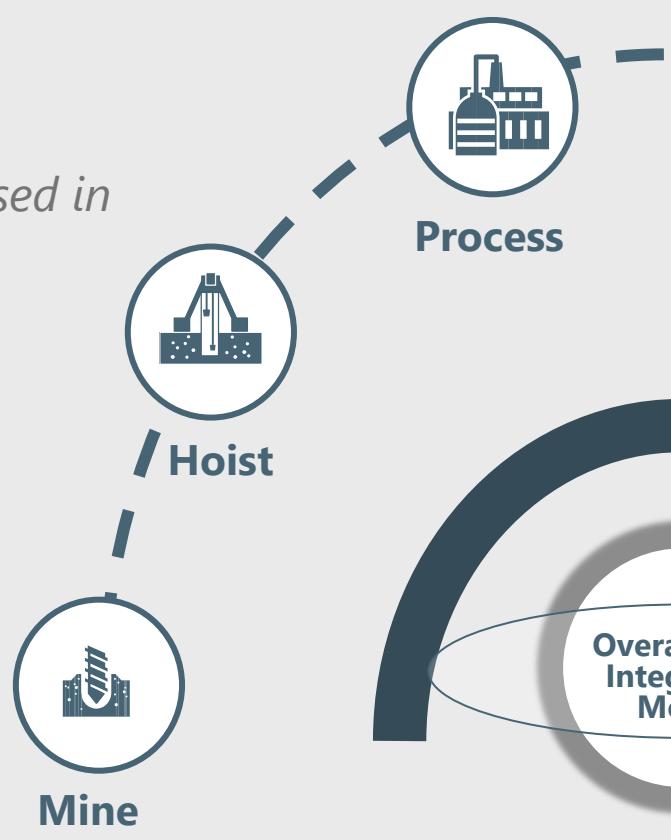
Holistic Model, Logistics in Focus

Upstream recently the modeling focus, but new logistics data presented new risk.



Upstream.

*Modeling ongoing;
uncertainty addressed in
prior work.*



Process



Rail

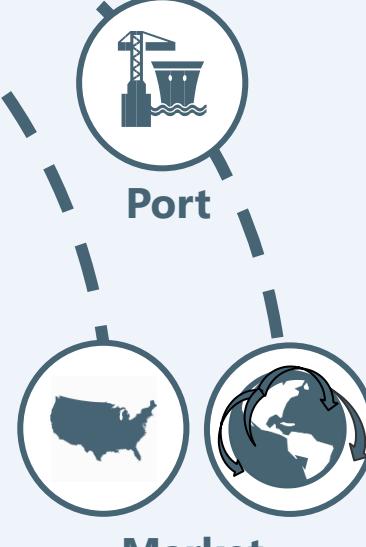


Rail



Logistics and Marketing.

*Updated data;
focus on uncertainty.*



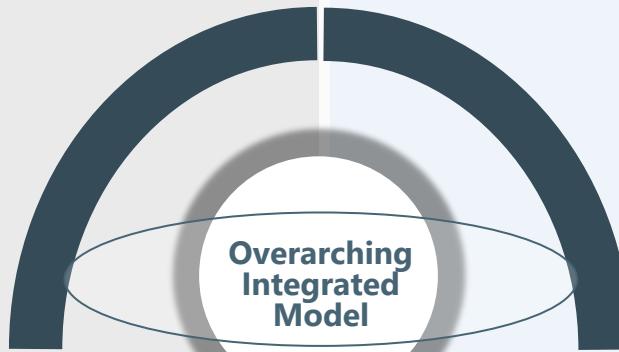
Port



Market



Overarching Integrated Model



Forecast update: New demand patterns, seasonality, and destinations. Major input changes.

Risk shift: Upstream understood, outbound chain in question. Previous strategies needed confirmation or refinement.

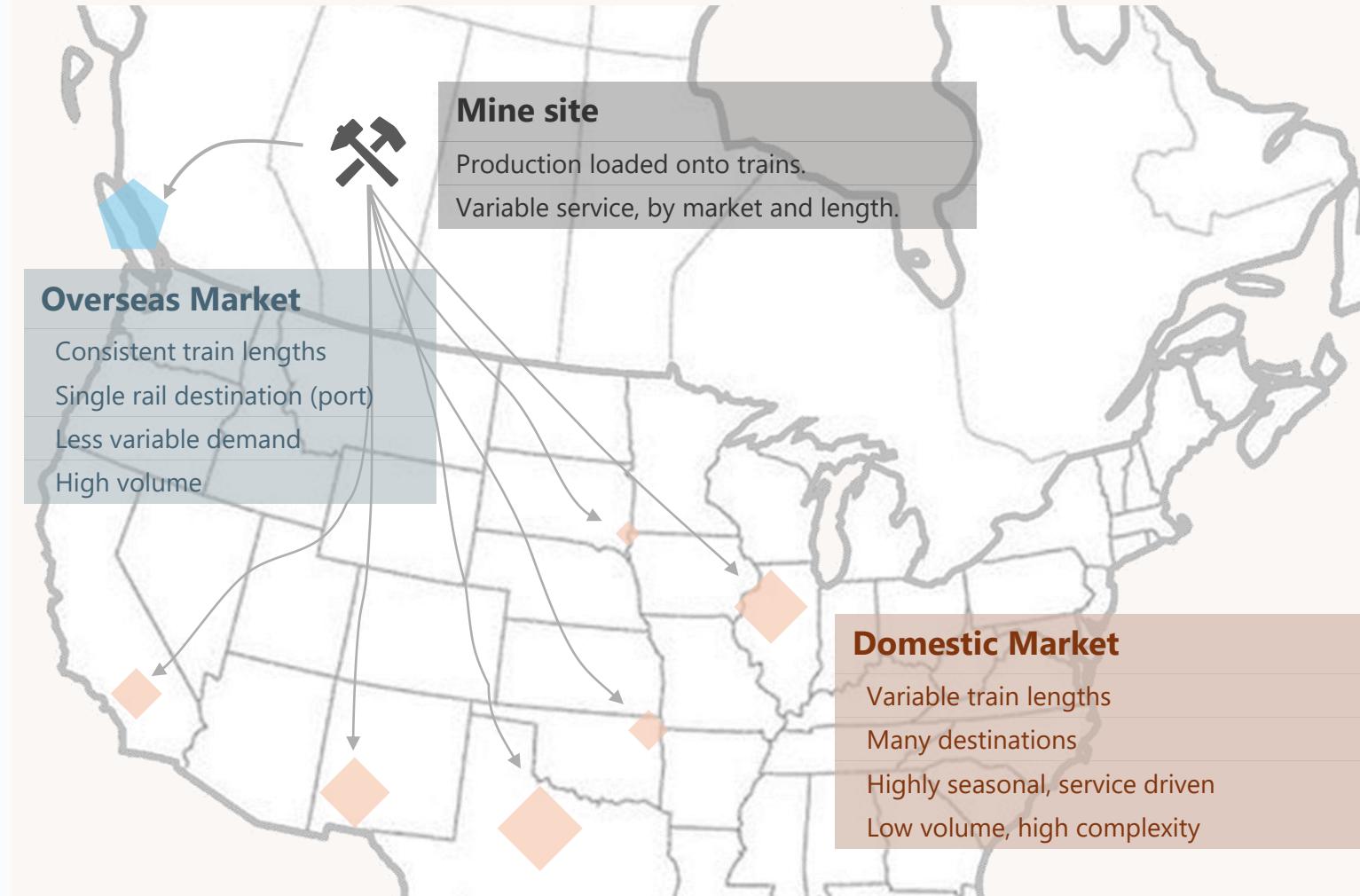
High stakes: Small errors can translate to hundreds of millions of impact.

Overview and Key Challenges

Service changes, slower transit, and rising market complexity challenged the outbound chain's ability to meet targets.



Objective: achieve market forecast and maintain timely deliveries



Tactical Questions

1

Mine Site

Flexible dispatch, several rail delivery options.

- **What service terms delivered the best outcomes?**
- **What terms were negotiable?**

2

Domestic Market

Analysis expanded from ~25 to ~100 delivery points.

- **What new risks emerged, and how did this influence strategic choices?**

3

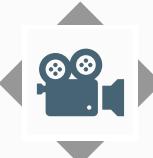
Overseas Market

Transit time up to 40% longer.

- **Any impacts to railcar or infrastructure requirements?**

Animation: Overview

Model showcase. Market overview.



Highlights

Orderbook.

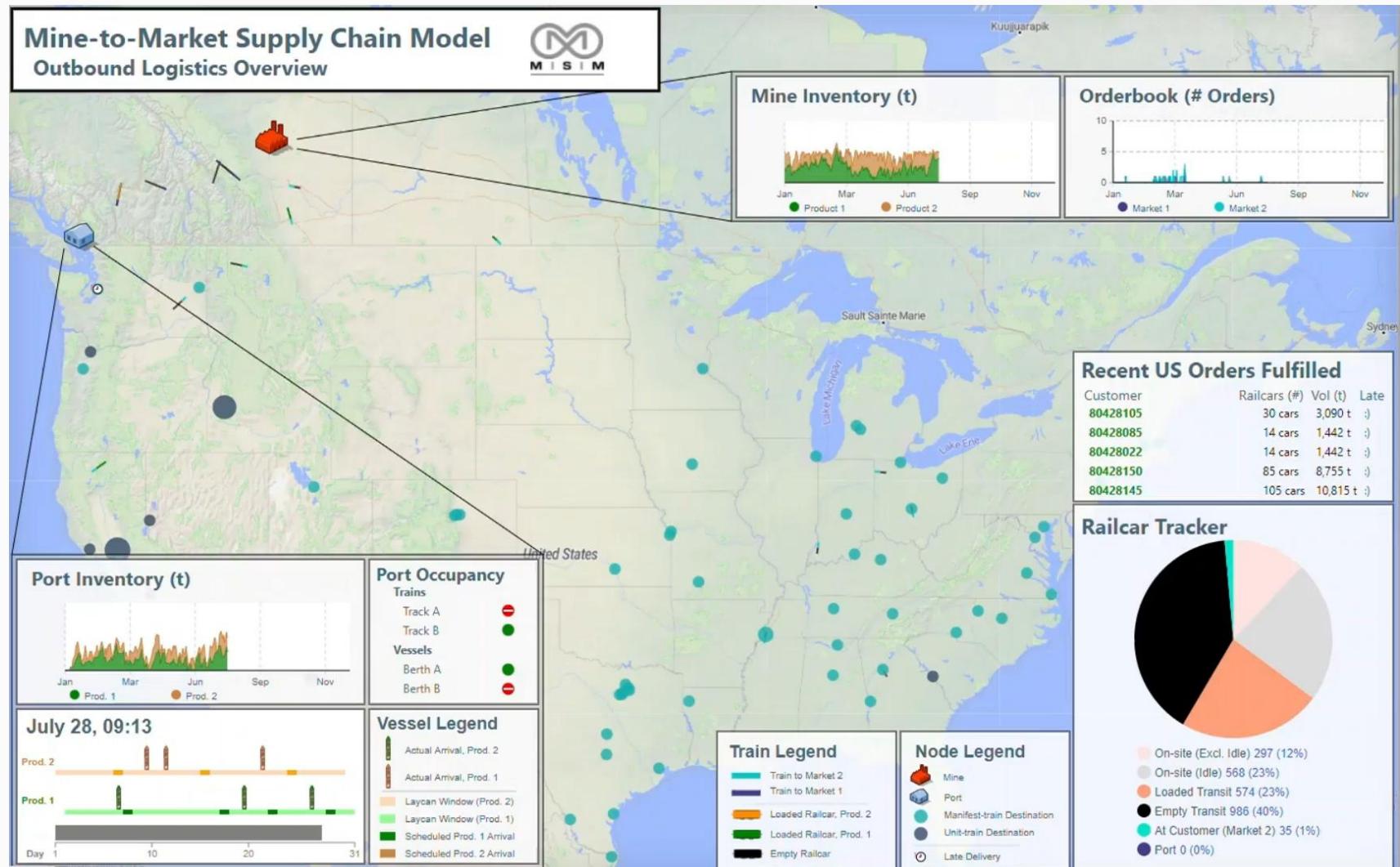
- Monthly orders were managed between both markets and scheduled to match the ratable nature of production.
- Push/pull strategy to manage operating inventory and vessel queueing.

Port terminal.

- Vessel laycans and sequencing governed by shared port terms of service.

Multi-market.

- Orders prioritized between markets based on inventory, strategy, and railcar availability.



Animation: Railyard

Model showcase. Site overview.



Highlights

Production & Storage

- Inventory built while accounting for upstream disruptions.

Loadout Loop

- Trains were loaded through a rail loop, with pre- and post-loading processes.
- Queueing for resource availability.

Dispatch modes

- Dispatch rules varied by train length.
- Unit trains retained or requested power; manifest trains required alternate service methods.



Mine Site – train dispatching

Identified acceptable combinations of service, empowering data-driven negotiations.



1

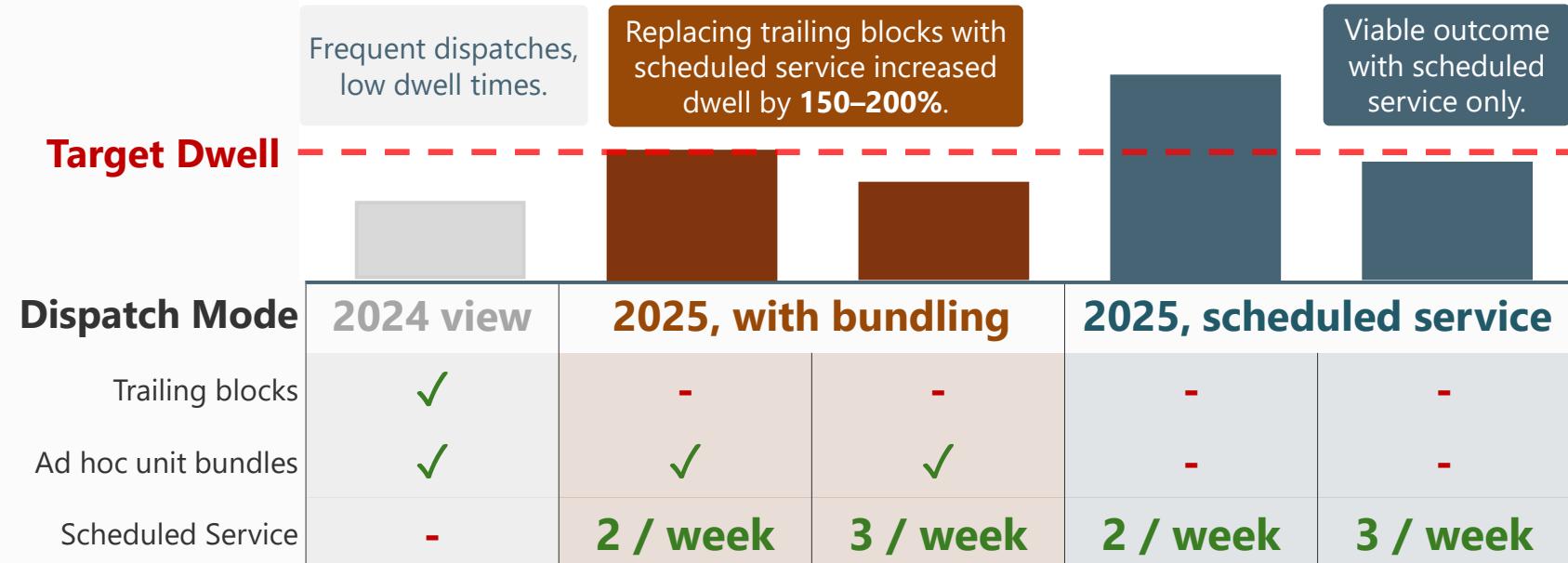
What service terms delivered the best outcomes?

Both fixed and flexible service structures proved viable, with multiple dispatch modes helping minimize dwell times..

What terms were negotiable?

Ad hoc bundling could be avoided, provided railways committed to at least three scheduled services per week.

Loaded Dwell of Cars at Mine Site



Railcar Requirements – Driven by Variability

The model showed the railcar fleet required additional cars.



3



Model Outcome, Recommended

Much higher peak monthly utilization driven by seasonal market demand and railway performance variability.

2



Model Outcome, Average

Slightly higher than static due to delays from congestion, inventory, and operational factors.

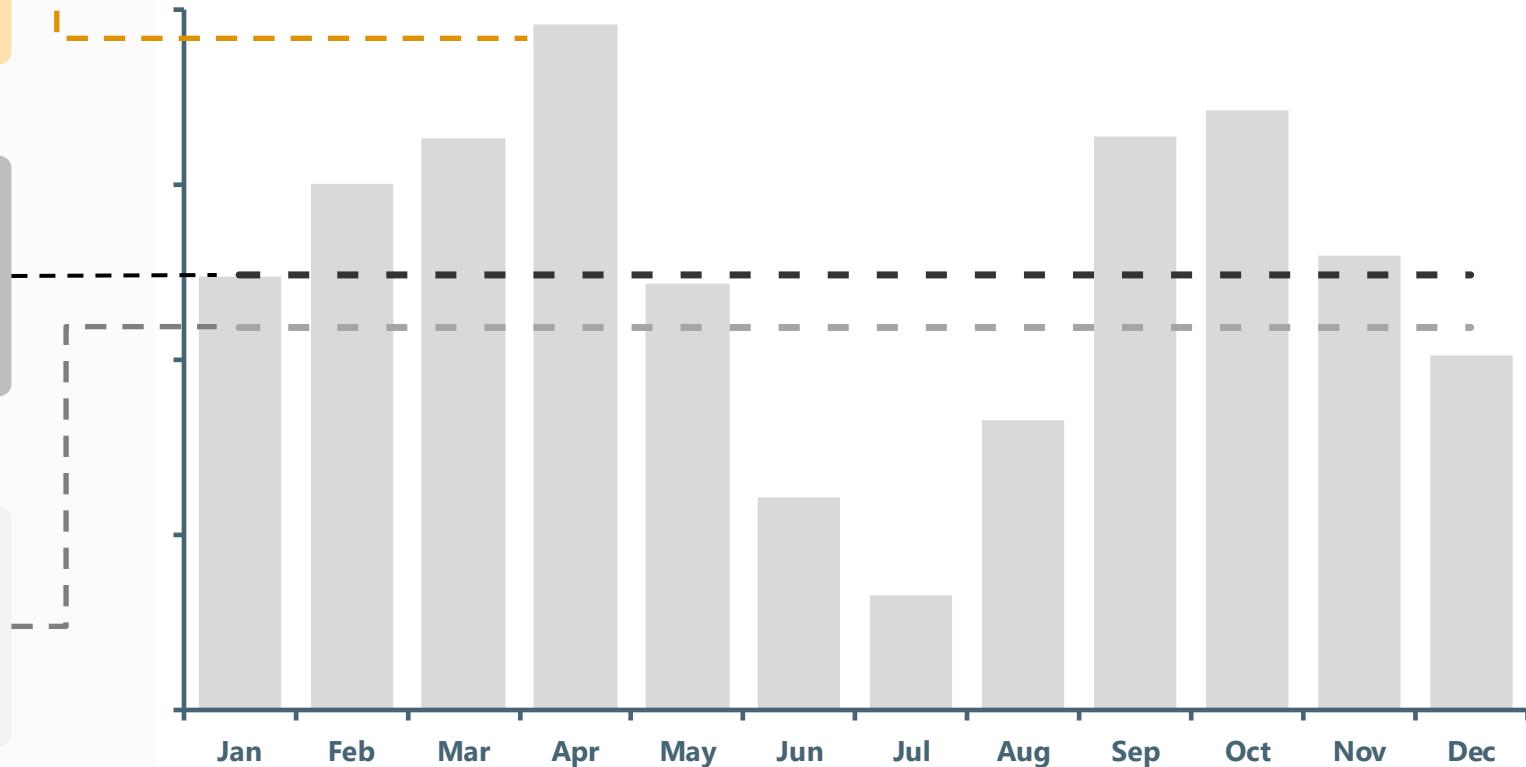
1



Static Estimate

Back-of-envelope annual average railcars needed to move the volume.

Railcar utilization. Monthly Average.



Quantifying Resilience – Capturing the Full Range of Outcomes

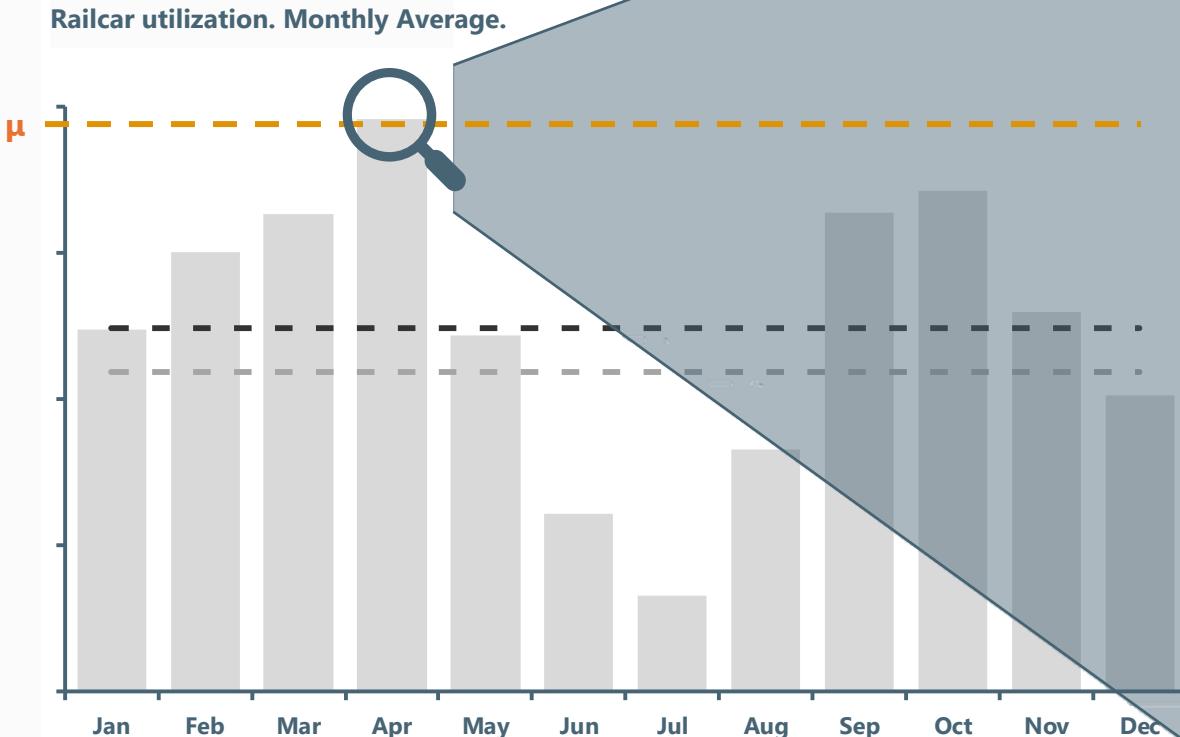
More railcars, more resilience.



2

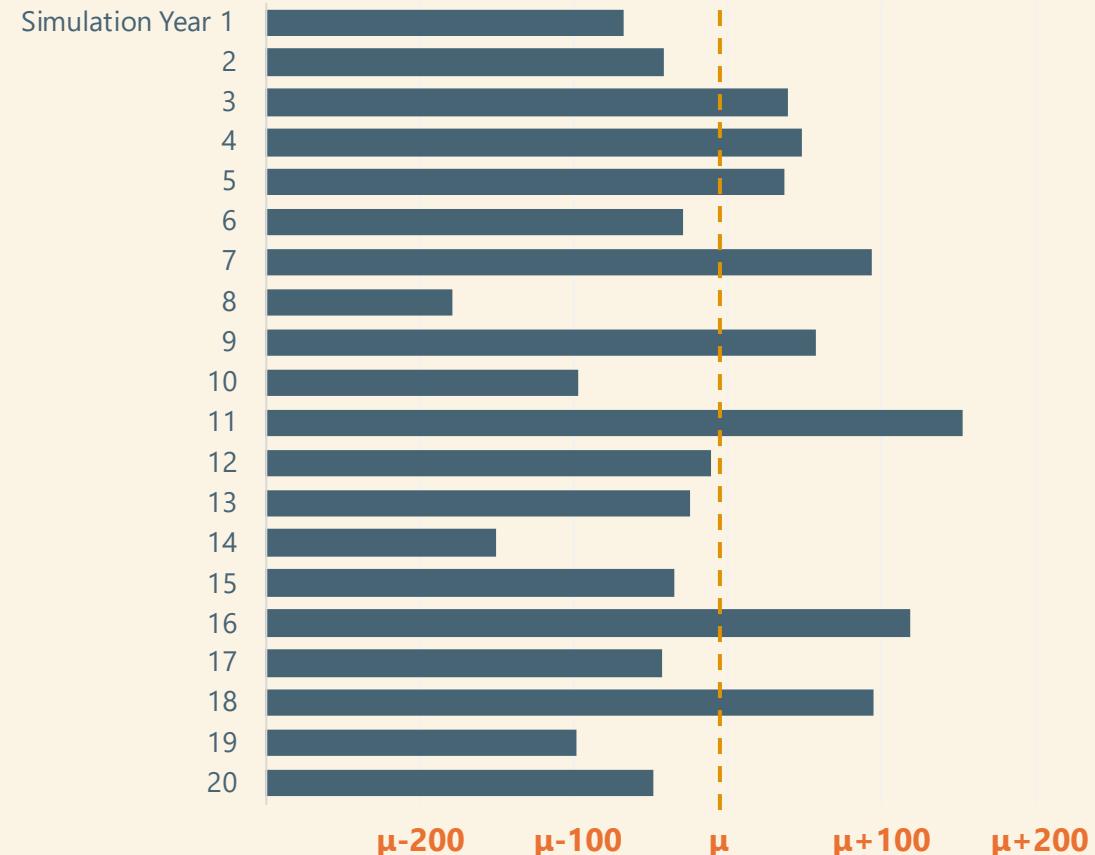
What new risks emerged?

The latest demand and railway data drove a “range” of additional railcars needed, beyond what previous calculations predicted.



Year-to-year variability increased risk, forcing a choice: higher exposure or higher investment.

US railcar utilization in April, by simulation year.



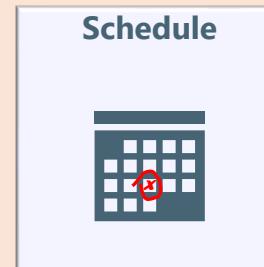
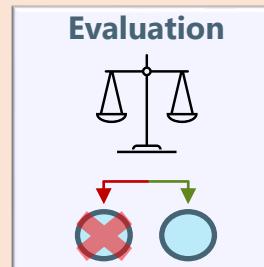
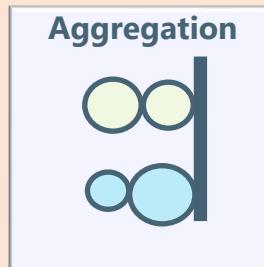
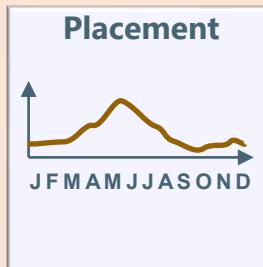
Overseas Market

Key considerations.



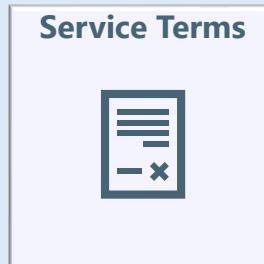
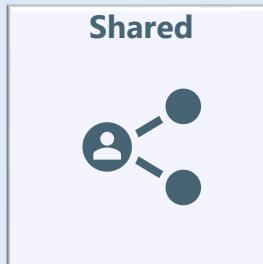
Orderbook Management

Mill production is ratable,
customer demand is not.



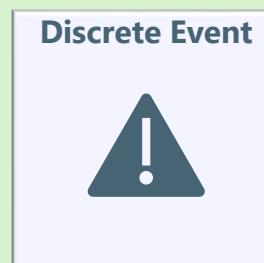
Port Terminal

Shared facility with operations governed by
terms of service.



Variability

Demand and performance varies
month-to-month ("intra-year") and
year-to-year ("inter-year").



Overseas Market

Latest railway data indicated increased mainline transit times.



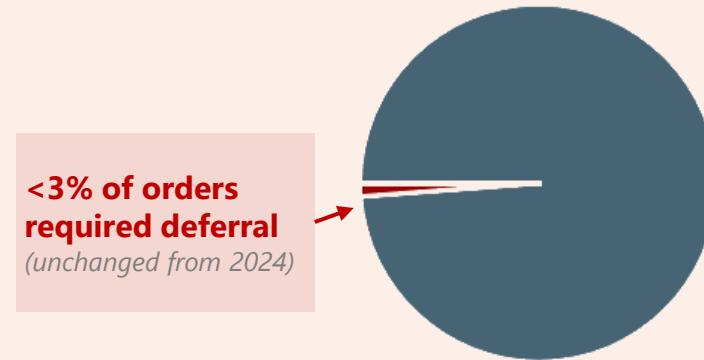
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Any impacts to railcar or infrastructure requirements?

KPIs remained stable, but the contingency allocation of railcars is now needed to sustain normal operations, not just as backup.

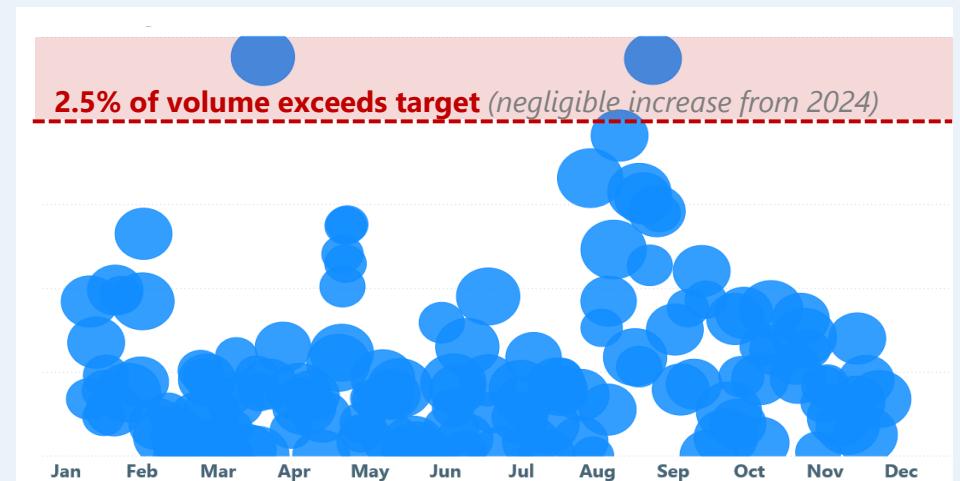
Order Management

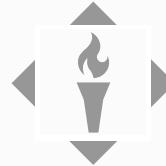
- Goal: service customer vessels as soon as possible; minimize deferrals.
- Deferral frequency tracked as KPI for customer satisfaction.
- 2025 outcome: <3% of orders required deferral.



Vessel Demurrage

- Goal: minimize anchorage wait time - a cost driver.
- 2025 outcome: marginal increase vs. prior view.
- Chart shows a sample year of arrivals; dot size = cargo volume.





\$100M+



Value protected.

Verified outbound logistics safeguarded upstream production, avoiding potential losses worth well over \$100M.

2,500



Lines of AnyLogic code.

Comprehensive model code representing the full outbound logistics chain to a high level of detail.

500



Compute Hours Saved.

Accelerated analysis by simulating in **AnyLogic**.

20



Stakeholders Engaged.

Aligned decision-making across Engineering, Operations, Logistics, and Commercial teams.